

THE FIRST DETAILS

San Juan Was Bombarded by Sampson.

SUBJECT ACCOMPANIED

On board the Iowa a boat was struck and caught fire, an exhaust pipe was dented, the bridge railing was shattered and three men were slightly wounded. All this was done by the solitary shell which struck the Iowa.

On the morning of the 12th, the Iowa, which had been ordered to call for the New York, and killed a man, wounded four others, shattered two searchlights, splintered a cutter, tore three holes in a ventilator and broke a small davit arm. Pieces of this shell were scattered all over the Iowa, but there were not enough to go around. The New York hit only once.

Then the dispatch boat of the Associated Press left San Juan for the island of St. Thomas with the dispatch describing the engagement. The fleet was preparing to bury the dead. In addition to the man killed, several of the New York's gunners' mates on the monitor Amphitrite died from the effects of the heat.

Of the New York's wounded men, two were seriously enough injured to call for their trans-shipment to the hospital ship Solace, which subsequently joined the fleet.

The New York fired 250 shots. It is said during the bombardment.

The cable operator at San Juan enabled the operator at St. Thomas early on the morning of the 12th, announcing that the Spanish fleet had been sighted in the harbor of San Juan.

It is considered probable that most of the inhabitants of the place followed his example and fled from the city soon after they were awakened by the town's first broadside.

The only vessel of a foreign power at San Juan during the bombardment was a small French cruiser, *Rigault de Genouilly*. She had her rigging cut by shells.

The plans of the fortifications furnished to the fleet were very misleading. It was known that the Spanish fleet had been recently ordered to leave the harbor, but other facts developed which showed miscalculations were made by those who drew up the plans.

It is understood, however, that the French officers in conversation with other people, criticised the wisdom of a bombardment.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET. Senor Sagasta to Act as Foreign Minister. (By Telegraph.)

MADRID, May 18.—The new Spanish cabinet has been formed as follows: The president of the Council of Ministers, Senor Praxedes Sagasta.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Leon y Castillo.

Minister of War, Lieutenant General Concha.

Minister of Marine, Senor Anson.

Minister of the Colonies, Senor Romero y Gilon.

Minister of Finance, Senor Lopez Pulgarin.

Minister of the Interior, Senor F. P. Capdepon.

Minister of Justice, Senor Gresser.

Minister of Public Instruction, Senor Gamazo.

The premier will act as foreign minister, pending the arrival here of Senor Castillo.

Grand Old Man Gone (Continued from First Page.)

clined to take office, Mr. Gladstone, though with reluctance, took the office of the new cabinet.

In August, 1873, immediately after the close of the session, the cabinet was considerably remodeled.

Mr. Gladstone, assuming the chairmanship of the exchequer, in addition to his office of first lord of the treasury.

On January 1, 1874, a fortnight before both houses were to have met for the dispatch of public business, Mr. Gladstone took everybody by surprise by announcing the immediate dissolution of parliament, and issuing his address to his constituents at Greenwich, in which he promised to abolish the income tax.

At the general election which ensued, the votes were, for the first time, for a secret ballot. The result proved most disastrous to the Liberal party.

The disastrous result, completed on February 27, showed that 32 Conservatives had been elected and 202 Liberals, inclusive of the Home Rulers, who, in point of fact, declined to identify themselves with either of the old political parties.

Mr. Gladstone at once resigned, and Mr. Disraeli became prime minister. In the session of 1874 Mr. Gladstone, who had been re-elected from Greenwich, was elected to his seat in the House of Commons, but it was not until he offered a persistent opposition to the Public Worship Regulation Bill, even amid the turmoil of political life, that Mr. Gladstone had devoted a portion of his time to literature.

His "Eccle Homo," printed from Good Words, appeared in 1868; a pamphlet on the Irish church question, entitled "A Chapter of Autobiography," was published November 23, 1868; and "Juvenius Mundi—the Gods and Men of the Heroic Age," in 1869. After his unsuccessful attempt to prevent the passing of the Public Worship Regulation Act, he contributed to the Contemporary Review for October 17, 1874, an energetic article on "Atheism," which gave rise to an animated controversy. In it he asserted that "Rome had substituted for the proud boast of semper eadem a policy of violence and change in faith," that she "had renounced and paraded anew every trusty tool which she was formerly thought to have disused," that "no one could become her convert without renouncing his moral and mental freedom, and placing his soul and his duty at the mercy of another," and that "she had equally repudiated modern thought and ancient history."

Challenged by his Roman Catholic friends in substance these grave charges, Mr. Gladstone published (Nov. 7, 1874) a bulky pamphlet entitled "The Vatican Decrees in Their Bearing on Civil Allegiance," which elicited numerous elaborate replies from Mr. Capel, Dr. Newman, Archbishop Manning, and other distinguished members of the Roman Catholic church. Mr. Gladstone's reply to his opponents, published February 24, 1875, is entitled "Vaticanism: An Answer to Replies and Reproofs."

Mr. Gladstone followed up his attacks on the Roman Catholic Church in an article on "The Speeches of Pius IX." in the Quarterly Review for January, 1875. On January 13, 1875, three weeks before the assembling of parliament, Mr. Gladstone announced in a letter to Earl Granville, his determination to retire from the leadership of the Liberal party. "At the age of 65," he remarked, "and after forty years of a laborious public life, I think myself entitled to retire on the present opportunity. This retirement is dictated to me on my personal views as to the best methods of spending the closing years of my life." Soon afterwards the Marquis of Harrington was chosen by the Liberal party to be their leader in the House of Commons. Subsequently, however, Mr. Gladstone constantly took part in the discussions of that assembly.

The history of Mr. Gladstone's second ministry may be summed up in three words—Ireland, Egypt, France. In 1885 Mr. Gladstone was overthrown by a vote on the budget and the Conservatives, under Lord Salisbury's leadership, came into power.

A general election took place in November, just five years after the defeat of Gladstone's first ministry. The Liberals were successful. Their strength numerically, was about equal to that of the Tories and Conservatives combined.

When Mr. Gladstone returned to office he announced his readiness to introduce a Home Rule measure for Ireland, and this created a dissent in the Liberal ranks. Lord Hartington broke up the party. Lord Hartington and others declined to accept office, and Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Trevelyan only accepted on grounds which subsequently proved untenable.

In a powerful and lengthy speech, Mr. Gladstone introduced his measure of Home Rule on April 12. The measure was long remembered by those who were in the house, and the tens of thousands who read of the scenes and stirring incidents which followed, during and after the speech. The following day, at the second reading, the measure was rejected by a majority of thirty.

Mr. Gladstone then appealed to the country, but was overwhelmed as a result, and the Conservatives and Unionist Liberals won by a large majority.

Mr. Gladstone resigned without waiting for parliament, and Lord Salisbury became prime minister for the second time on August 3, 1886.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone celebrated their golden wedding on July 25 following, and on the occasion of his eightieth birthday, December 29, 1888, the venerable statesman received congratulations from all over the world.

A memorial fountain was unveiled at Hawarden on the morning of his eightieth birthday, and the commission of the fountain was accepted by Mr. Gladstone.

During 1892 Mr. Gladstone carried out yet another and most vigorous campaign in Midlothian. He was elected, but by a greatly reduced majority, and the fourth time he became premier.

In April, 1893, Mr. Gladstone moved the second reading of another Home Rule bill for Ireland in the House of Commons, but the bill was thrown out by the Lords.

During his stay at Biarritz in February, 1894, a London journal announced that Mr. Gladstone's retirement, but the journal was successful in very general terms. After his return to England the rumor was renewed, and in the midst of the uncertainty Mr. Gladstone delivered his last speech as prime minister in the House of Commons on the first of March, the occasion of the Lords' amendments to the Parish Council bill.

The next day his resignation was made public and the discovery that the premier was suffering from a heart ailment in both eyes was given as the chief cause for such a decisive step. On March 3 Mr. Gladstone, in an audience with the Queen, gave up the seals of office. A successful operation was performed, two months later, by which the cataract was removed, and Mr. Gladstone recovered wonderfully during the ensuing summer. After a visit to Cannes, in the early part of 1895, he returned to England, and made a stirring speech on the American question at Chester, in August. His long connection with the House of Commons terminated that year, as he did not stand for re-election. The election which took place at that time. Since that time Mr. Gladstone rarely took any part in public affairs.

BATTLESHIP'S ARMOR. Last Group of Plates for the Kentucky and Kearsarge Accepted.

A dispatch sent out from Washington, N. D., says that Captain Charles O'Neil, chief of the bureau of ordnance, has informed the Bethlehem Company of the acceptance of the last group of armor for the Kentucky and Kearsarge and Kentucky, and has directed its shipment to Newport News.

This action has been taken as a result of the trial of an 18-inch plate, representing the group. The group was designed for the 18-inch turrets of the Kentucky, and in the case of the Kentucky, it was the desire of the government that these vessels should be made ready for service as soon as possible. It was important that its requirements should be met.

This plate was backed by thirty-six inches of oak and received two projectiles, the first a Holtzer and the second a Carpenter, both of 18-inch calibre. The Holtzer shell was fired at a range of 1,535 feet with a velocity of 1,345 feet per second, and the Carpenter was given a velocity of 1,345 feet per second.

Both projectiles struck the plate squarely, but no crack or other injury to the plate was caused. The first shell penetrated ten inches and the second eleven inches.

PLANS FOR NEW SHIPS. The naval board of construction is discussing the plans of the battleships and monitors whose construction is authorized by the recent naval appropriation bill. The circular giving the general requirements of the battleships is practically ready, and does not differ from the outline recently published in the Daily Press.

In accordance with the direction of the board, plans for the monitors are being prepared under the direction of Chief Naval Constructor Nicholson. On account of the small appropriation bill by Congress for each of these vessels—\$1,250,000—it has been determined to limit their size to 2,500 tons displacement and to supply each ship with only one turret, to be placed in the forward part of the vessel. It has not yet been definitely decided whether to equip them with 12-inch or 10-inch breech loading rifles.

The superstructure of the vessels will be constructed so as to reach from the turret nearly to the stern of the ship, and rapid fire guns will be placed on this to be directed against any torpedo boats that may attempt to attack the ships. The turret will also be arranged so that the guns can be trained over an arc of at least three hundred degrees, so that they can be fired in almost any direction except dead astern.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS. War Revenue Measure Discussed in the Senate. (By Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The feature of today's session of the Senate was the speech of Mr. Turpie (Democrat), of Indiana, upon the war revenue measure. He strongly contended that a bond issue was unnecessary, that all the funds required for the prosecution of the war could be raised through the proposed inheritance tax; by tax on corporations; and by the issue of legal tender notes. The measure of obtaining money would yield to the government during the next year, he maintained, fully \$300,000,000, an amount in excess of the estimated sum necessary for the conduct of the war. The speech was beautiful in diction and close reasoning. Senators on both sides of the chamber gave it undivided attention. Considerable progress was made in the reading of the bill, which included the reading of the amendments proposed by the committee. Through the influence of Mr. Gorman (Democrat), of Maryland, the imprisonment penalty was stricken out of the sections relating to violations of the stamp tax.

After an extended debate, part of which occurred in secret legislative session, the conference report on the bill suspending certain parts of the existing law relating to the purchase of supplies by the War Department was adopted.

The bill permitting officers of the regular army to accept special appointments in the volunteer army without losing their rank or place in the regular service was passed.

5 o'clock the Senate went into executive session and fifteen minutes later adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WASHINGTON, May 18.—The House adjourned today after a session lasting an hour and a half. An ineffective effort was made to pass a bill prohibiting the publication of information concerning the strength of the country's fortifications. Without a word of debate the deficiency pension bill, carrying \$8,076,872, was passed.

At 1:32 P. M. the House adjourned.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT. ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED ABOUT THE PIERS.

Entrances and Clearances at the Custom House. List of Vessels Now in Port. Other Maritime Items.

Weather Forecast (By Telegraph.) WASHINGTON, May 18.—Forecast for Thursday, for Virginia—Fair and warmer; southerly winds.

Port Paragraphs. The disastrous conflagration which destroyed the warehouse of the Bay Line in Baltimore Tuesday afternoon will not interfere at all with the traffic of the line. The officials have secured for temporary use the commodious Savannah warehouse, owned by Merchants and Miners Transportation Company and there will be no interruption of business. This warehouse is equally as convenient for the commission merchants of Baltimore as the one destroyed, so that the trucks who ship to the Monumental City will have the same prompt consideration.

The steamer Newport News of the Washington and Norfolk Line, arrived at the shipyard late Tuesday afternoon with her rudder broken. The rudder was to be overhauled and rearranged, and other minor repairs will be made while the vessel is at the shipyard, which will be for several days.

The tug E. Luckenbach came off Graves railway, at Norfolk Tuesday having been put in good condition. She is again running in these waters.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES. Vessels Arrived Yesterday. Steamship Lady Armstrong (Br.) Abbott, Galveston. Steamship Indrina (Br.) Gillies, Glasgow. Schooner Henry S. Little, Providence.

Vessels Sailed Yesterday. Steamship Lady Armstrong (Br.) Abbott, Marseilles.

ON THE DIAMOND. Results of Yesterday's Games in the National and Atlantic Leagues. CHICAGO, May 18.—A base on balls, a hit batsman, an error and a strike gave the Pittsburghs their two tallies in the second. In the other innings the visitors could do nothing with Nops' delivery. Attendance, 1,558. Score: Baltimore, 0; Pittsburgh, 2.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Thornton hit three batsmen in succession and was pounded safely four times in the fourth inning, six runs resulting. Decker hit safely each time at bat, once for a long drive to bases full. Attendance, 4,200. Score: Baltimore, 0; Pittsburgh, 2.

ST. LOUIS, May 18.—The St. Louis Browns, 0; St. Louis Cardinals, 11. Batteries—Thornton and Decker, Sudgoff and Sudgen. Umpires—O'Day and McDonald. Time, 1:50.

ATLANTIC LEAGUE. At Hartford—Hartford, 0; New Haven, 5. Batteries—Bowen and Roach, Boyle and MacKay. Time, 2:30.

At Lancaster—Lancaster, 1; York, 5. Batteries—White and Wente, Bishop and Fox.

At Paterson—Paterson, 0; Newark, 2. Batteries—Viau and Bemis, Stimml and Hess.

At Newark—Newark, 0; Reading, 4. Batteries—Coogan and Nelson, Garvin and Heyden.

METHOD CONFERENCE. Rev. Dr. Hoss Re-Elected Editor of the Daily Advocate. (By Telegraph.) BALTIMORE, May 18.—The general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, contrary to expectations, has attempted whatever it may today to reconsider its action of yesterday in electing Rev. Drs. Morrison and Chandler to the bishoprics, and the action of the body in amending the recommendations of the committee on Episcopacy so as to permit the election of a third bishop in the person of Dr. Hoss, who yesterday received 123 votes for the office, did not take place.

It is said that an arrangement was made during the night by which, in order to ensure harmony in the church, it was agreed to let the matter stand over until yesterday afternoon, the session was cut short by an adjournment.

At any rate when the conference opened this morning Rev. Dr. Hoss positively declined to accede to any plan looking to the reconsideration of the vote on the election of an additional bishop. This being the case, the conference promptly took up the election of the minor officers, and the first ballot chose Dr. Hoss to succeed himself as editor of the Daily Advocate, the official organ of the church, published in Nashville, Tenn. It then took two ballots in an effort to elect a secretary to the board of church extension, but no conclusion had been reached when today's session adjourned.

The new bishops will be ordained tomorrow afternoon at the city hall, a wave of patriotism swept over the conference at today's session. Rev. W. T. Davidson, fraternal delegate from the British Wesleyan Church, in the course of his address, said: "When I landed on your shores a few weeks ago war had just been declared between your country and Spain. I want to express on behalf of the church I represent and the country of my birth, the strongest sympathy we have for you in the present crisis in your national history. It is not necessary for me to say that England is entirely on your side in this war. Our nation can appreciate more deeply than some other nations the righteousness of your cause. The barbarities in Cuba too long outraged human feeling in this country and you were at last driven to trust the issues of the war to the arbitration of the world. We appreciate the lofty nature of your motives. We are assured that only the claims of the highest humanity forced you reluctantly into this struggle.

"I congratulate you on the splendid victory at Manila (great applause), and I may say also that we have no fears as to the final outcome of the war.

"Although we are, as in everything else fighting for the good of humanity, we are making war on evil, and there may be several things for your country to learn from it. It may be that out of it will come a larger sense of your responsibility abroad among other nations, but whatever else comes from it, I sincerely trust that it will result in binding together in still closer fellowship our two nations."

At the close of his remarks, delegates and spectators arose as one man and vociferously applauded and applied the happy hits made by the English divine.

Bishop Hargrove presided at today's session.

FOLIOE COURT. Justice Brown signed up the following cases in the Police Court yesterday morning: Sam Beechum, communicating with persons in jail; fined \$10 and costs. Fred W. Hamilton, drunk; fined \$2 and costs. L. B. Reynolds selling on Sunday, May 8; fined \$10 and costs; appealed. Stone filer that makes city water like lytha. Adams' Racket Store. v. Wombles.

Simply more and better for your money than ever before at Woodward & Wombles.

WAR IS ON AND SO IS HOT WEATHER.

Bear Paw Buffet, 448 Twenty-eighth street, Is the place to get cold—ice cold—beer on draught, also National and Palast Export Beer—ice cold. Mint Juleps and all mixed drinks. The finest brands of pure whiskey always on hand in stock. Claret Wines and all seasonable drinks. Todd's Private Stock at 25c a pint is as good as any that costs double the money. Perfect order always maintained. A gentleman's place.

THE BEAR PAW BUFFET, 448 Twenty-eighth street, G. W. Todd, Proprietor. RICHMOND, L. BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, 2800 Washington avenue. REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY.

New Summer Resort. THE BUCKROE BEACH HOTEL. Is situated on Hampton Roads in sight of Fort Monroe, where electric cars every five minutes connect with the steamer. This delightful summer resort will be OPENED MAY 2, 1898. The hotel has been enlarged. Perfect view, condition and plumbing. Bathing is unexcelled. Free use of boat untraveled. No malaria. The cool breezes of the Atlantic. Electric cars every 15 minutes for Fort Monroe, Hampton and Newport News. No liquor sold or gambling permitted. Picnic parties allowed the use of the mammoth pavilion during the day. Music every night except Sunday. For terms apply to CHARLES H. HEWINS, Manager, Buck Roe Beach Hotel, Hampton, Va. apr 27-5m.

When Visiting Phoebus Call at PHOEBUS CAFE, Ladies and Gents dining parlor. Meals at all hours, also lodging. Wines, Liquors and Cigars. THOS. A. DOUTHY, PROPRIETOR. Formerly proprietor of Railroad House, Newport News. Your patronage solicited. Give us a call. Mellen street, near Malory. PHOEBUS, VA.

HAPPINESS VS. MISERY. Dr. Charcot's Tonic Tablets, the great Parisian remedy, is a guaranteed cure for the drink habit; also nervousness and melancholy caused by over indulgence. It destroys the appetite for alcoholic and all intoxicating beverages, and leaves man as he should be. It can be administered without the knowledge of the patient where necessary. Send for pamphlet, Dr. Charcot's Tonic Tablets. Newport News, Va.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE. THE NORFOLK & WASHINGTON STEAMBOAT COMPANY. The New and Powerful Iron Palace Steamers, Newport News, Washington and Norfolk, will leave daily as follows: NO-T-BOUND. Steamers leave Portsmouth, foot of the York River, at 5:40 p.m. Leave Norfolk, foot of the York River, at 6:10 p.m. Leave Old Point at 7:10 p.m. Arrive Washington at 8:45 a.m. E. & O. R. R. PENN. R. R. Leave Washington at 8:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. Arrive Philadelphia at 11:10 a.m. 10:45 a.m. Arrive New York at 2:00 p.m. 1:25 p.m. South bound, B. & O. R. R. PENN. R. R. Leaves New York at 11:30 a.m. 1:00 p.m. Leaves Philadelphia at 1:35 p.m. 8:15 a.m. Arrives in Washington 4:30 p.m. 6:15 p.m. Steamers leave Washington at 7:00 p.m. Arrive Fortres Monroe at 6:30 a.m. Arrive Norfolk at 7:30 a.m. The trip down the historic Potomac river and Chesapeake bay on the elegant steamers of this Company is unsurpassed. The Company is unsurpassed. The Company has been built in 1884, and are the most luxurious manner, with electric light, hall bells and steam heat in every room. The tables are supplied with every delicacy from the markets of Washington and Norfolk. For further information apply to D. J. CALLAHAN, Agent, Norfolk, Va.

MERCHANTS & MINERS TRANSPORTATION CO.'S STEAMSHIP LINES FOR BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, BALTIMORE. Leave Newport News via Norfolk for Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, sailing from Norfolk at 8 P. M. Leaves for Providence May 2nd, 6th, 10th, 14th, 18th, 23rd, 27th and 31st. Leave Newport News for Baltimore Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays at 5 P. M., connecting for Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Fare to Baltimore, one way, \$3.00; round trip, \$5.00, including stateroom berth. Accommodations are comfortable and well equipped. Freight and passengers taken for all points north and east. For further information apply to L. C. SAUNDERS, Agent, Newport News, Va. W. P. TURNER, G. A. J. C. WHITNEY, T. M. General Office, Baltimore, Md.

Invest Money in Real Estate. Will pay you if you get the advice of some one in touch with the market, whose judgment you can depend on. We claim to be as well posted on values and futures as anyone in Newport News. We make a study for the benefit of our clients. Look at some of the bargains in houses and lots building lots and farms that we are offering. We have farm lands from \$5 to \$50 per acre; suburban lots from \$25 to \$50 per lot; city lots from \$150 to \$7,000 per lot; vacant lots for lease from \$10 to \$30 per lot. \$850.00 For dwelling of four rooms. Terms, \$100 cash and balance payable \$10 monthly. \$1300.00 For a store, seven rooms above, renting for \$20 per month, close to Electric Car Line. Terms, \$400 cash, balance easy payments. \$1300.00 For a neat dwelling of five rooms above shipyard. \$600 cash, balance to suit purchaser. \$1400.00 For a new dwelling, to be completed within ten days, immediately on our line, with six rooms besides bath, and city water. \$300 cash, balance to suit. \$3000.00 For a new building with fifteen rooms, bath, latrine, and city water, renting at \$25 per month. Above shipyard. Terms \$300 cash, balance to suit purchaser. \$7000 For a nice brick building, well located, now renting for \$172 per month. Terms \$2,000 cash, and balance on easy payments. THOS. B. HENLEY & CO. Real Estate and Insurance. 2700 Washington avenue. NEWPORT NEWS, VA. D. R. E. J. APPLEWHITE, DENTIST. Office, Harwood Building, Washington avenue, near Twenty-seventh street. 19-7-19. Newport News, Va. E. W. JOHNSON, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER. NEWPORT NEWS, VA. Plans and Specifications Prepared on Short Notice. Houses For Sale. Nine room dwelling on 34th street, near West avenue. Has all modern conveniences and will be ready for occupancy June 1. Price \$4,000. Six room house on 28th street. All modern conveniences. Price \$1,350. Six room house on 28th street, new in all, located. Price \$1,400. Renting for \$30 a month. Price \$600. This property pays 30 per cent. net after deducting ground rent. Several new houses in East End, ranging in price from \$800 to \$2,000. We make every effort to make the properties advertised above. Small cash payment and the balance in monthly installments will be satisfactory. Houses and stores for rent in all sections of the city. Irwin Tucker & Co., General Real Estate, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Co.

SEE OUR LINE of samples in Engraved Visiting Cards, Engraved Monogram Paper, and other engraved work. We represent a fine house, and their work is "elegant." Our line of Stationery is always the Best in the city. Fred E. Allen & Co., Druggists. Op. Johnson's Opera House.

It's to Your Interest To inspect our prices before buying any goods we handle. Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Rubber Goods, Trunks At Prices That Defy Competition. HIRSHBERG, The Banner Clothier. 2606 Washington Avenue, opposite Opera House. If you want a building lot Buy it of the Old Dominion Land Company. Lots for sale on easy terms in all sections of the city. Finely located business lots on Washington ave. Farms for sale or rent in Elizabeth City, Warwick and York Counties. Old Dominion Land Company. ROOM NO. 11. FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. OFFICE OPEN UNTIL 8 P. M.